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27 Books of the New Testament

The types of books in the New Testament include the Historical Books, Letters of Paul, General Epistles and the Book of Revelation.

The Historical Books — The Historical Books of the New Testament are the four Gospels and Acts. They tell the story of Jesus and His Church. They are the framework by which you can understand the rest of the New Testament, because these books provide the foundation of Jesus' ministry.

Matthew

Mark

Luke

John

Acts

The Letters of Paul — The Apostle Paul was the church's first theologian. He wrote many letters (epistles) to young churches and to individuals, which helped grow and organize the early church. Paul provided instruction and advice that Christians today can follow. The Pauline Epistles:

To Churches —

Romans

1 Corinthians

2 Corinthians

Galatians

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Ephesians
Philippians
Colossians
1 Thessalonians
2 Thessalonians

To Individuals —

1 Timothy
2 Timothy
Titus
Philemon

The General Epistles — When Paul was writing, the belief of the early church was that the world was coming to an immediate end. When it didn't, the church had to organize and structure 'for the long haul.'

These epistles were letters written to a variety of people and churches by several different authors who were instrumental to the early church. They were written to instruct the church how a second generation and beyond should function as the Body of Christ.

Hebrews
James
1 Peter
2 Peter
1 John
2 John
3 John
Jude

The Book of Revelation was the last book to be added to the Christian Bible, and it wasn't included until several centuries after the writing of the other books. Written by the Apostle John, its essence is to remind us that God is in control no matter what the circumstances.

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